§846.18

§846.18 Payment of penalty.

- (a) No abatement or appeal. If a notice of proposed individual civil penalty assessment becomes a final order in the absence of a petition for review or abatement agreement, the penalty shall be due upon issuance of the final order.
- (b) Appeal. If an individual named in a notice of proposed individual civil penalty assessment files a petition for review in accordance with 43 CFR 4.1300 et seq., the penalty shall be due upon issuance of a final administrative order affirming, increasing or decreasing the proposed penalty.
- (c) Abatement agreement. Where the Office and the corporate permittee or individual have agreed in writing on a plan for the abatement of or compliance with the unabated order, an individual named in a notice of proposed individual civil penalty assessment may postpone payment until receiving either a final order from the Office stating that the penalty is due on the date of such final order, or written notice that abatement or compliance is satisfactory and the penalty has been withdrawn
- (d) Delinquent payment. Following the expiration of 30 days after the issuance of a final order assessing an individual civil penalty, any delinquent penalty shall be subject to interest at the rate established by the U.S. Department of the Treasury for late charges on late payments to the Federal Government. The Treasury current value of funds rate is published by the Fiscal Service in the notices section of the FEDERAL REGISTER and on Treasury's Web site. Interest on unpaid penalties will run from the date payment first was due until the date of payment. Failure to pay overdue penalties may result in one or more of the actions specified in §870.23(a) through (f) of this chapter. Delinquent penalties are subject to late payment penalties specified §870.21(c) of this chapter and processing and handling charges specified in §870.21(d) of this chapter.

[53 FR 3675, Feb. 8, 1988, as amended at 73 FR 67631, Nov. 14, 2008]

PART 847—ALTERNATIVE ENFORCEMENT

Sec.

847.1 Scope.

847.2 General provisions.

847.11 Criminal penalties.

847.16 Civil actions for relief.

Authority: 30 U.S.C. 1201 $et\ seq.$

SOURCE: 65 FR 79671, Dec. 19, 2000, unless otherwise noted.

§847.1 Scope.

This part governs the use of measures provided in sections 518(e), 518(g) and 521(c) of the Act for criminal penalties and civil actions to compel compliance with provisions of the Act.

§847.2 General provisions.

- (a) Whenever a court of competent jurisdiction enters a judgment against or convicts a person under these provisions, we must update AVS to reflect the judgment or conviction.
- (b) The existence of a performance bond or bond forfeiture cannot be used as the sole basis for determining that an alternative enforcement action is unwarranted.
- (c) Each State regulatory program must include provisions for civil actions and criminal penalties that are no less stringent than those in this part and include the same or similar procedural requirements.
- (d) Nothing in this part eliminates or limits any additional enforcement rights or procedures available under Federal or State law.

§847.11 Criminal penalties.

Under sections 518(e) and (g) of the Act, we, the regulatory authority, may request the Attorney General to pursue criminal penalties against any person who—

- (a) Willfully and knowingly violates a condition of the permit;
- (b) Willfully and knowingly fails or refuses to comply with—
- (1) Any order issued under section 521 or 526 of the Act; or
- (2) Any order incorporated into a final decision issued by the Secretary under the Act (except for those orders specifically excluded under section 518(e) of the Act); or